



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

April 1, 2004

Mr./Ms. Shannon G. Marty
Assistant General Counsel
Texas Workers' Compensation Commission
7551 Metro Center Drive, Suite 100
Austin, Texas 78744

OR2004-2644

Dear Mr./Ms. Marty:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID#198511.

The Texas Workers' Compensation Commission (the "commission") received a request for information concerning complaints, judgments, enforcement actions and fines related to a specific health care provider. You claim that the requested information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.108 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." This section encompasses information protected by other statutes. Section 402.083 of the Labor Code provides that "[i]nformation in or derived from a claim file regarding an employee is confidential and may not be disclosed by the commission except as provided by this subtitle." This office has interpreted section 402.083 to protect only that "information in or derived from a claim file that explicitly or implicitly discloses the identities of employees who file workers' compensation claims." Open Records Decision No. 619 at 10 (1993). You state that a portion of the requested information consists of claim file information that is confidential under section 402.083. Prior decisions of this office have found that information revealing the date of injury, as well as an injured employee's name, beneficiary name, commission claim number, social security number, home telephone number, home address, and date of birth implicitly or explicitly identifies claimants and is therefore excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 402.083 of the

Labor Code. Only in those cases where release of the employer's identity would reveal the claimant's identity may the identity of an employer be withheld. Thus, to the extent that the requested information is claim file information that implicitly or explicitly identifies claimants, it must be withheld under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 402.083 of the Labor Code.

You claim that the remaining submitted information is excepted from disclosure pursuant to section 552.101 in conjunction with section 402.092 of the Labor Code. Section 402.092 provides that information maintained in the investigative files of the commission is confidential and may not be disclosed except in four limited circumstances. Labor Code § 402.092(a). "Investigative file" is defined as "any information compiled or maintained by the commission with respect to a commission investigation authorized by law." *Id.* § 402.092(d). Section 414.005 of the Labor Code provides that the commission's compliance and practices division shall maintain an investigation unit for the purpose of conducting investigations relating to alleged violations of the Texas Workers' Compensation Act (the "Act") and commission administrative rules. *See* Labor Code § 414.005; *see also id.* §§ 414.001, .002.

You inform us that the information at issue concerns possible violations of the Act. You state that the commission maintains investigation files pursuant to section 414.002 of the Labor Code, which authorizes the commission to maintain a division of compliance and practices and requires that division to conduct investigations relating to alleged violations of the Act and commission administrative rules. *See* Labor Code §§ 414.001, .002. You indicate that the remaining submitted information is contained in such an investigation file, and is confidential under section 402.092. You do not indicate that the commission has made any findings relevant to section 402.092, subsections (e) and (f) of the Labor Code,¹ that would affect the disclosure status of the investigation file at issue.

¹These subsections provide:

(e) The commission, upon request, shall disclose the identity of a complainant under this section if the commission finds:

- (1) the complaint was groundless or made in bad faith; or
- (2) the complaint lacks any basis in fact or evidence; or
- (3) the complaint is frivolous; or
- (4) the complaint is done specifically for competitive or economic advantage.

(f) Upon completion of an investigation where the commission determines a complaint is groundless, frivolous, made in bad faith, or is not supported by evidence or is done specifically for competitive or economic advantage the commission shall notify the person who was the subject of the complaint of its finding and the identity of the complainant.

Based on our review of the submitted information and your representations, we conclude that the remaining information at issue consists of investigative material that is subject to section 402.092. A release in response to the present request would not constitute a disclosure under one of the four permissible circumstances enumerated in section 402.092(a) of the Labor Code. Thus, the investigative file information must be withheld under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 402.092.

In summary, to the extent that the requested information is claim file information that implicitly or explicitly identifies claimants, it must be withheld under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 402.083 of the Labor Code. Investigative file information must be withheld under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 402.092.²

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

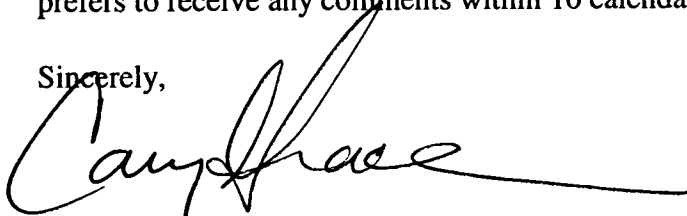
²As our ruling is dispositive, we need not address your remaining arguments against disclosure.

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Cary Grace', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Cary Grace
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

ECG/lmt

Ref: ID#198511

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Mr. Christopher J. Kopec
Senior EHS Project Engineer
Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation
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Houston, Texas 77020
(w/o enclosures)